

Financial statements

Association of Part-Time Undergraduate Students of the University of Toronto

April 30, 2020

Contents

	Page
ndependent auditor's report	1 - 2
Statement of financial position	3
Statement of operations and changes in net assets	4
Statement of cash flows	5
Notes to the financial statements	6 - 11



Independent auditor's report

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To the Board of Directors of

Association of Part-Time Undergraduate Students of the University of Toronto

Opinior

We have audited the financial statements of Association of Part-Time Undergraduate Students of the University of Toronto (the "Association"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at April 30, 2020, and the statements of operations and changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Association of Part-Time Undergraduate Students of the University of Toronto as at April 30, 2020, and its results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Association in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Association's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Association or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing Association's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
 detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
 as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
 of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Association's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Association's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Association to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and
 events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Toronto, Canada October 28, 2020 Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Grant Thornton LLP

Association of Part-Time Undergraduate Students of the University of Toronto

Statement of financial position

April 30	2020	2019
Assets Current Cash (Note 7) Short-term investments (Note 3) Prepaid Green Shield Premiums Prepaid liability insurance and other	\$ 711,040 803,779 105,938 3,385 1,624,142	\$ 536,816 1,137,911 89,294 3,169 1,767,190
Investment (Note 4) Equipment (Note 5)	347,708 1,689 \$ 1,973,539	3,377 \$ 1,770,567
Liabilities Current Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred health and dental plan fee (Note 7)	\$ 14,278 <u>799,974</u> 814,252	\$ 9,635 644,959 654,594
Net assets	1,159,287	1,115,973
	\$ 1,973,539	\$ 1,770,567

Commitments (Note 8)

Approved on behalf of the board:

Sufron Director Jain Leans Director

Association of Part-Time Undergraduate Students of the **University of Toronto**

Statement of operations and changes in net assets

Year ended April 30		2020		2019
Revenue Member's health and dental plan fees recognized (Note 7) General student fees Restricted student fees recognized (Note 6) Mandatory student fees recognized Interest income Other income	\$	1,256,093 237,711 115,432 100,436 13,374 6,354 1,729,400	\$	1,276,904 360,858 115,505 - 10,629 11,772 1,775,668
Expenses Health and dental plan disbursements (Note 7) Salaries, wages and benefits Restricted student fee disbursements (Note 6) Services and programming Office and general Meetings and conference Audit and legal fees Insurance Amortization Special projects Awards and bursaries		1,256,093 209,937 115,432 47,791 23,817 15,090 14,182 5,310 1,688	-	1,276,904 172,925 115,505 28,957 18,971 10,000 4,799 1,688 22,903 3,287
Excess of revenue over expenses from operations Unrealized gain on investments Excess of revenue over expenses	-	40,060 3,254 43,314		119,729 7,823 127,552
Net assets, beginning of year Net assets, end of year	\$_	1,115,973 1,159,287	\$_	988,421 1,115,973

Association of Part-Time Undergraduate Students of the University of Toronto Statement of cash flows

Year ended April 30		2020		2019
Increase (decrease) in cash				
Operating activities Excess of revenue over expenses Items not affecting cash Amortization Unrealized gain on investments	\$	43,314 1,688 (3,254) 41,748	\$	127,552 1,688 (7,823) 121,417
Changes in non-cash working capital items Prepaid Green Shield Premiums Prepaid liability insurance and other Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred health and dental plan fee		(16,644) (216) 4,643 155,015 184,546	-	(9,615) (402) (4,935) 37,455 143,920
Investing activities Redemption (purchase) of short-term investments Purchase of investment	_	334,132 (344,454) (10,322)	_	(7,201)
Net increase in cash		174,224		136,719
Cash, beginning of the year	_	536,816		400,097
Cash, End of the year	\$_	711,040	\$_	536,816

April 30, 2020

1. Purpose of the organization

The Association of Part-Time Undergraduate Students of the University of Toronto (The "Association"), was incorporated on April 18, 1983 as a non-profit corporation under the Canada Business Corporations Act as a non-profit corporation. The Association continued through letters patent of continuation under Ontario as extra provincial corporation dated July 24, 2015.

The purpose of the Association is to improve the quality of campus life, services and education for the University of Toronto part-time undergraduate student body and to represent the member students in areas of common interest.

Financial operations of the association are administered by an executive committee subject to approval by the Board of Directors. As the union's revenues are derived from the University of Toronto student body, it is economically dependent upon student enrolment. Under the Canadian Income Tax Act, the Association is classified as a non-profit organization and is not subject to income tax.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

The financial statements were prepared by management in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations and include the following significant accounting policies.

Revenue recognition

The collection and amount of non-academic incidental fees charged to students in Ontario is regulated by the Ontario Ministry of Training, Colleges and Universities through its *Ontario Operating Funds Distribution Manual* and *Compulsory Ancillary Fee Policy Guidelines*. Pursuant to these, a change to or introduction of a fee must be done in accordance with a long-term protocol established between the university and its student organization or union. This protocol requires a referendum of the student body for significant changes to or the introduction of additional fees.

The general component of the fee is recognized under revenues as general student fees upon receipt from the University of Toronto's Financial Services Office.

Investment income is recognized on an accrual basis and includes interest, dividends, and changes in the fair value of the investments.

All other components of the student fee, which have been collected from students pursuant to referendum and for a specific purpose, are deferred and shown as a liability upon initial receipt from the university. They are recognized as revenues when the related expense is incurred or disbursement is made to the intended recipient. Some components of the fee are refundable at the request of the students, and the revenue recognized is net of these refunds.

April 30, 2020

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Donated materials and services

The Association does not record the value of donated items and services, such as the use of two office spaces on the St. George campus, or the time spent by various volunteers, because of the difficulty in determining their fair market value.

Equipment

Equipment is stated at cost. Depreciation is based on their estimated useful life on a straight-line basis over the following number of years:

Computer equipment3 yearsOffice equipment5 yearsFurniture and fixtures5 years

Adoption of new accounting standard

On May 1, 2019, the Association adopted new accounting standard Section 4433 *Tangible capital assets held by not-for-profit organizations* (the "standard"). The most significant requirements include:

- tangible capital assets must be separated into their component parts, when practicable, and when estimates can be made of the lives of the separate components;
- tangible capital assets are written down to fair value or replacement cost to reflect partial
 impairments when conditions indicate that the assets no longer contribute to an
 organization's ability to provide goods and services, or that the value of future economic
 benefits or service potential associated with the tangible capital assets are less than their
 net carrying amounts; and
- additional disclosures when an impairment has occurred.

The adoption of the new accounting standard was applied prospectively, except the Association was permitted to recognize an adjustment to opening net assets at May 1, 2019 to reflect partial impairments of tangible assets existing at that date. The adoption of this standard did not have any impact on the statement of financial position as at May 1, 2019 and the changes in financial position for the current period.

Use of estimates

Management reviews the carrying amounts of items in the financial statements at each year end date to assess the need for revision or any possibility of impairment. Many items in the preparation of these financial statements require management's best estimate. Management determines these estimated based on assumptions that reflect the most probably set of economic conditions and planned courses of action. Items subject to management estimates include: the deferred health and dental plan fees.

April 30, 2020

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments

The Association considers any contract creating a financial asset, liability or equity instrument as a financial instrument, except in limited circumstances. The Association's financial instruments are: cash, investments, and payables.

Financial assets or liabilities obtained in arm's length transactions are initially measured at their fair value and financial assets or liabilities obtained in related party transactions are measured at their exchange amount

The Association subsequently measures all of its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost except investments which are measured at fair value. All changes in fair value of investments are recorded in the statement of operations.

3. Short-term investments	2020	2019		
Term deposits redeemable beat December 19, 2020	ring interest at 1.6	0% maturing	\$ 617,522	\$ 607,200
Assumption Life Guaranteed In bearing interest at 2.2% maturing			114,144	112,020
Assumption Life GIC bearing in October 19, 2019	terest at 1.40% ma	atured	-	341,388
Bank of Montreal small capitaliz	ation equity mutua	al fund	71,487	76,686
Royal Bank of Canada money r	market mutual fund	d	626	617
			\$ 803,779	\$1,137,911
4. Investment			2020	2019
Assumption Life GIC bearing in October 24, 2021	\$347,708	\$		
5. Equipment			2020	2019
	Cost	Accumulated Amortization	Net Book Value	Net Book Value
Furniture and fixtures Computer equipment Office equipment	\$ 8,902 15,116 3,344	\$ 8,902 13,427 3,344	\$ 1,689	\$ 3,377
	\$ 27,362	\$ 25,673	\$ 1,689	\$3,377

April 30, 2020

6. Restricted student fees

Changes in the externally restricted contributions balances are as follows:

onunges in the externally recursive extensions asserted as		2020		<u>2019</u>
Canadian and Ontario Student Federations Beginning balance Net student fee levies Payments and distributions Ending balance	\$ _	96,132 (96,132)	\$	95,874 (95,874) -
Ontario Public Interest Research Group Beginning balance Net student fee levies Payments and distributions Ending balance	\$ 	19,300 (19,300)	\$	19,631 (19,631) -
Summary Beginning balance Net student fee levies Disbursements, and fees recognized as revenue Ending balance	\$ - \$_	115,432 (115,432)	\$ - \$_	115,505 (115,505)

7. Deferred Health and Dental fees

The health and dental group insurance plan portion of the student fee is also accounting for using the deferral method, consistent with the treatment of the restricted fees listed above. The Health and Dental plan is shown here separately due to the magnitude of the plan.

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Beginning balance	\$ 644,959	\$ 607,504
Health and dental fees collected Opt-in fees Total receipts during the year	1,404,726 6,382 1,411,108	1,308,654 5,705 1,314,359
Net opt-outs refunded to students Payments remitted to insurer Administrative and general expenses Total disbursements, and fees recognized as revenue	(95,761) (1,080,332) (80,000) (1,256,093)	(194,011) (981,812) (101,081) (1,276,904)
Ending balance	\$ 799,974	\$ 644,959

The Association is committed to remit monthly premiums during the summer term running from May through August, subsequent to the fiscal year end. The amount remaining in the fund after the payment of summer premiums represents the accumulated surplus or deficit in the plan.

April 30, 2020

7. Deferred Health and Dental fees (continued)

		2020		<u>2019</u>
Ending deferral balance Green Shield premiums prepaid Commitment for summer premiums	\$	799,974 105,899 242,129	\$	644,959 89,294 244,292
Plan's net surplus	\$_	451,946	\$_	311,373

The Association has internally restricted a portion of its cash and short-term investments in the amount of \$799,974 (2019 – \$644,959) to offset the deferred health and dental pan fee.

8. Commitments

The Association chooses its insurer for the health and dental plan for a one-year period beginning in September of each year. The Association had an agreement with Green Shield for coverage to August 31, 2020, and subsequently entered into an agreement with Green Shield for coverage to August 31, 2021.

9. Financial instruments

Transactions in financial instruments may result in an entity assuming, or transferring to another party, one or more of the financial risks described below. The required disclosures provide information that assists users of financial statements in assessing the extent of risk related to financial instruments.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The Association currently is only exposed to interest rate risk from its investments.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the Association. In the opinion of management, the credit risk exposure to the Association is low.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Association not being able to settle or meet commitments as they come due. Liquidity risk is managed by ensuring the Association maintains adequate cash reserves to meet their liabilities and investing in high quality investments easily disposed of in an active market.

Market risk

The Association is exposed to market risk on its investments which are quoted in active markets since changes in market prices could result in changes in the fair value of these investments. This risk is mitigated through the nature of the Association's investments which comprise of term deposits, GIC's and mutual funds.

April 30, 2020

10. Management of working capital

Management of the Association's working capital is primarily concerned with controlling cash disbursements such that sufficient cash is on hand at any point in time to cover:

- Payment of operational expenses before receipt of the next student fee payment.
 Payment are typically received in four instalments remitted in June, October, February and April;
- The total deferred amount of restricted student fees; and
- To cover upcoming monthly premiums under the Group Health and Dental Insurance Plan to the extent that they exceed the amount of deferred Health and Dental student fees received.

11. COVID-19

Since January 31, 2020, the spread of COVID-19 has severely impacted many local economies around the globe. In many countries, including Canada, businesses are being forced to cease or limit operations for long or indefinite periods of time. Measures taken to contain the spread of the virus, including travel bans, quarantines, social distancing, and closures of non-essential services have triggered significant disruptions to organizations worldwide, resulting in an economic slowdown. Global stock markets have also experienced great volatility and a significant weakening. Governments and central banks have responded with monetary and fiscal interventions to stabilize economic conditions.

Effective March 16, 2020, the University building and Association's physical offices were temporarily closed, due to which majority of its programs and services were moved to online. Management is closely monitoring the operations revenues and has taken action to reduce discretionary expenditures.

The duration and impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, as well as the effectiveness of government and central bank responses, remains unclear at this time. It is not possible to reliably estimate the duration and severity of these consequences, as well as their impact on the financial position and results of the Association for future periods.